

** 07hr_ab0717_SC-PHSILTCP_pt01

WISCONSIN STATE LEGISLATURE ... PUBLIC HEARING COMMITTEE RECORDS

2007-08

(session year)

Senate

(Assembly, Senate or Joint)

Committee on Public Health, Senior Issues, Long Term Care and Privacy

(SC-PHSILTCP)

(FORM UPDATED: 07/02/2010)

COMMITTEE NOTICES ...

- Committee Reports ... CR
- * *
- Executive Sessions ... ES
- * *
- Public Hearings ... PH
- * *
- Record of Comm. Proceedings ... RCP
- * *

INFORMATION COLLECTED BY COMMITTEE FOR AND AGAINST PROPOSAL ...

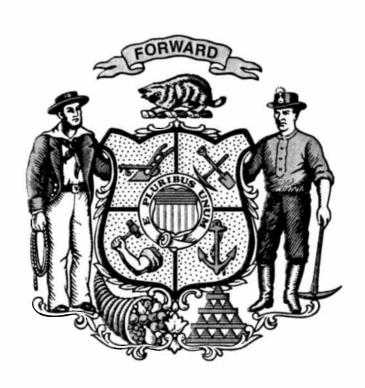
Appointments ... Appt

Name:

- Clearinghouse Rules ... CRule
- * *
- Hearing Records ... HR (bills and resolutions)
 - **\(\)**
- Miscellaneous ... Misc

Vote Record Committee on Public Health, Senior Issues, Long Term Care and Privacy

Date: 3/12/08 Moved by: Carpenter	 Seconded by:	Schu	12			
			Clearinghouse Rule			
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A/S Amdt						
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Be recommended for: Passage Adoption Introduction Rejection	□ Confirmation <i>C</i> □ Tabling	X concurrence Nonconcur		□ Indefinite Pe	ostponement	
Committee Member		<u>Aye</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>Absent</u>	Not Voting	
Senator Tim Carpenter, Chair						
Senator Spencer Coggs	,	\square				
Senator Pat Kreitlow		Z				
Senator Dale Schultz		Ż				
Senator Robert Cowles		Ŋ				
	Totals:	5	0			





STATE REPRESENTATIVE · 42ND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT

Testimony Before the Senate Committee on Public Health, Senior Issues, Long Term Care and Privacy in Support of Assembly Bill 717 March 12, 2008

Good morning. I want to thank Chairman Carpenter for scheduling such a quick hearing on this very important piece of legislation, Assembly Bill 717. I am sorry I am not able to appear before the committee in person.

I also want to thank Senator Robson for her leadership on this very important issue and I am honored to join her in this effort to require fire safe cigarettes be sold in Wisconsin.

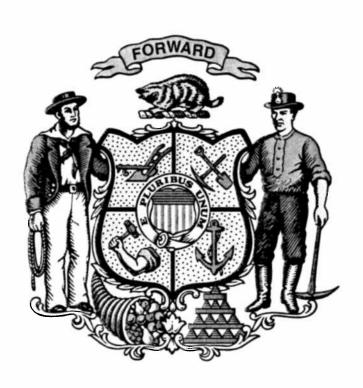
My comments will be brief, because I believe this bill speaks for itself.

We know that cigarettes are the leading cause of home fire fatalities in the United States. We know that requiring the sale of self-extinguishing cigarettes greatly reduces the number of fatalities caused by unattended cigarettes. In my mind, that is reason enough to pass this bill.

The bill is supported by fire fighters and EMT's from around the state, and even Phillip Morris has registered in favor of this proposal. In fact, no organizations have registered against AB 717 with the Government Accountability Board.

As I have stated many times, Wisconsin has always been a national leader when it comes to public health and this bill is the perfect example of that. I would urge the committee and the entire Senate to join Senator Robson and me and pass this bill as soon as possible.







Wisconsin State Fire Chiefs' Association, Inc.

Together We Can Make A Difference

- Education
- Prevention
- Safety
- Suppression
- EMS

DATE:

March 12, 2008

TO:

Committee on Public Health, Senior Issues, Long Term Care and Privacy

FROM:

Wisconsin State Fire Chiefs' Association

RE:

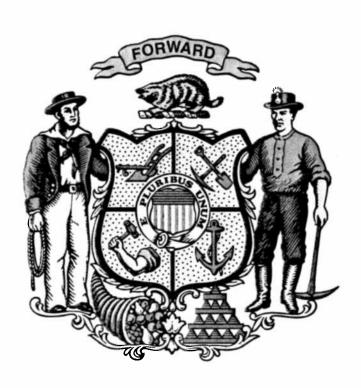
Please Support Assembly Bill 717

The Wisconsin State Fire Chiefs' Association is asking for your support of Assembly Bill 717. The Wisconsin State Fire Chiefs' Association has worked long and hard advocating "Safe Cigarette" legislation in Wisconsin. Our members have experienced the destruction to property, injuries and untimely deaths in fires caused by the careless use of cigarettes.

The 2002 – 2005 National Fire Protection Association report lists smoking related fires in homes and multifamily buildings as the number 3 cause of fires but it is the number 1 cause of civilian deaths in the same fires. The 2004 Wisconsin Burning report provides us with the most recent statistics on fire causes in Wisconsin. The leading cause of fires in 1 and 2 family buildings was smoking. The leading cause of fires in multifamily (apartment buildings) buildings was smoking. The leading cause of fires in restaurants and bars was smoking. These stats indicate why we need "Safe Cigarette" legislation in Wisconsin.

The Wisconsin Fire Chiefs Association has an additional interest in reducing smoking related fire and that is reducing injuries and deaths to our firefighters. Nationwide the fire service has more firefighters killed in residential fires than any other type of fire and residential fires are where we find the majority of fires caused by careless use of smoking materials.

Please support Assembly Bill 717 and help the Wisconsin Fire Service prevent fires from the careless use of smoking materials. If you have any questions please contact David Bloom, Legislative Liaison, Wisconsin State Fire Chiefs' Association at 608-444-3324.





WISCONSIN LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL AMENDMENT MEMO

2007 Assembly Bill 717

Assembly Amendments 1 and 2

Memo published: March 7, 2008

Contact: Richard Sweet, Senior Staff Attorney (266-2982)
Jessica Karls, Staff Attorney (266-2230)

2007 Assembly Bill 717 requires that cigarettes sold in Wisconsin meet a fire safety performance standard ("standard"). Each manufacturer that sells or offers to sell cigarettes in Wisconsin must file a written certification with the Department of Commerce (Commerce), certifying that each type of cigarette listed in the certification meets the standard, and pay a \$250 fee to Commerce for each type of cigarette listed in the certification. The manufacturer must also mark the cigarettes to show that the cigarettes meet the standard. The marking must be in 8-point or larger type and must be a modification of the universal product code (UPC) that results in a visible mark being printed at or near the UPC. The bill also provides that a city, village, town, or county may enact and enforce an ordinance or adopt and enforce a resolution regulating the fire safety performance of cigarettes that are sold or that are offered to be sold in Wisconsin only if the ordinance is in strict conformity with the provisions of the bill.

Assembly Amendment 1 removes the requirement that the marking be a modification of the UPC resulting in a visible mark. The amendment also removes the provision regarding municipal authority to enact and enforce ordinances or adopt and enforce resolutions regulating the fire safety performance of cigarettes. Lastly, the amendment requires that the certification fee paid by the manufacturer be credited to the appropriation in s. 20.143 (3) (j), Stats.

Assembly Amendment 2 makes the following changes to the bill:

• Under the bill, each cigarette manufacturer is required to pay to Commerce a fee of \$250 for each "type" of cigarette listed in a written certification filed with the department regarding testing and compliance with applicable fire safety performance standards. The amendment modifies this to provide that the fee is \$1,000 for each "brand family", rather than "type", of cigarette listed in the certification. The amendment further provides that the fee applies to all cigarettes within the brand family and includes any new cigarette that is included in the three-year certification period. The manufacturer is required to pay the fee upon filing each certification for a new brand family.

- The bill provides that if a manufacturer has certified a type of cigarette and makes any change after the certification that is likely to alter its compliance with the applicable fire safety performance standard, no person may offer for sale or sell that type of cigarette unless the manufacturer retests the cigarette in accordance with the applicable testing method specified in the bill. The amendment also includes a reference to the provision of the bill that allows Commerce to approve an alternative test method.
- The amendment provides that the provisions of the bill dealing with testing do not require additional testing if cigarettes have been tested for another purpose with methods that are in accordance with the testing methods recognized under those provisions of the bill.
- The amendment modifies one of the exceptions in the bill from the general prohibition on selling or offering for sale cigarettes that are not tested, do not meet applicable fire safety performance standards, are not certified, or are not marked. Under the exception in the bill, the prohibition does not apply to the selling or the offering for sale of cigarettes solely for the purpose of consumer testing that is conducted by a manufacturer or under the control and direction of a manufacturer if all the following conditions are met: (1) the purpose of the testing is to evaluate consumer acceptance of the cigarettes; (2) the testing involves only the number of cigarettes that is reasonably necessary for the testing; and (3) the testing is in a controlled setting where the cigarettes are either smoked onsite or are returned to the person administering the test at the conclusion of the testing. The amendment deletes the third condition in this exception.
- The amendment modifies the provision of the bill that allows seizure of cigarettes acquired, owned, imported, possessed, kept, stored, made, sold, distributed, or transported in violation of the bill. The amendment specifies that the seizure provision applies to cigarettes that have not been marked as provided in the bill.

Legislative History

The Assembly Committee on Public Health recommended adoption of Assembly Amendment 1, and passage of the bill as amended, both by votes of Ayes, 7; Noes, 1.

The Assembly adopted Assembly Amendments 1 and 2, and passed the bill as amended, all by voice votes.

RNS:wu:ib;wu